RECEIVED FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

1	BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECT	TON COMMISSION JUN-7 PM 4:04
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4	In the Matter of	CELA
5	,	)
6	MUR 6422	)
7	MARJORIE ("MISSY") REILLY SMITH	) DISMISSAL AND
8	MISSY SMITH FOR CONGRESS	) CASE CLOSURE UNDER
9	DIANA E. ROCCOGRANDI,	THE ENFORCEMENT
10	AS TREASURER	PRIORITY SYSTEM
11		)
12	THE SOCIETY FOR TRUTH	`
13	AND JUSTICE	<b>`</b>
14	ANDIOSTICE	,
15	GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT	
16	Under the Enforcement Priority System ("EP	S"\ the Commission uses formal
10	Onder the Emolechem Priority System (Er	5 ), the Commission uses formal
17	scoring criteria to allocate its resources and decide which cases to pursue. These criteria	
18	include, but are not limited to, an assessment of (1) the gravity of the alleged violation,	
19	both with respect to the type of activity and the amount in violation, (2) the apparent	
20	impact the alleged violation may have had on the ele	ectoral process, (3) the legal
21	complexity of issues raised in the case, (4) recent tre	nds in potential violations of the Act,
22	and (5) development of the law with respect to certain	in subject matters. It is the
23	Commission's policy that pursuing low-rated matter	s, compared to other higher-rated
24	matters on the Enforcement docket, warrants the exe	rcise of its prosecutorial discretion to
25	dismiss certain cases, or in certain cases where there	are no facts to support the
26	allegations, to make no reason to believe findings. I	For the reasons set forth below, this
27	Office recommends that the Commission dismiss some of the allegations, and make no	
28	reason to believe findings as to other allegations, in MUR 6422.	
29	In this matter, complainant Elizabeth Kingsley asserts that respondents Marjorie	
30	("Missy") Reilly Smith and Missy Smith for Congress, and Diana E. Roccograndi, in her	

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- 1 official capacity as treasurer ("the Committee"), violated the Federal Election Campaign
- 2 Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"), by failing to include requisite disclaimers on
- 3 campaign flyers, lawn signs, and the Committee's website; failing to register with the
- 4 Commission in a timely manner; accepting excessive contributions; and accepting in-kind
- 5 contributions from a prohibited corporate source, respondent The Society for Truth and
- 6 Justice ("the Society").
- 7 Ms. Smith ran for the congressional Delegate seat in the District of Columbia as
- 8 the 2010 Republican nominee. She filed her Statement of Candidacy and har
- 9 Committee's Statement of Organization on October 14, 2010. The Committee's 30-Day
- 10 Post-Election Report reflects \$67,955.24 in contributions and \$67,388.16 in
- disbursements. Among its receipts are two in-kind contributions from the Society on
- 12 September 29, 2010 for \$250, and on October 1, 2010 for \$630. In response to the
- 13 complaint, the Committee filed an amended disclosure report in mid-February that
- 14 reflects that Randall Terry, rather than the Society, made the in-kind contribution of
- 15 \$880.
- In analyzing the disclaimer issues, we note that the respondents maintain the
- 17 campaign flyers and lawn signs were independent expenditures and that it did not initially
- 18 pay for the website when it was first launched. Under the Act and Commission
- 19 regulations, all public communications<sup>2</sup> made by a political committee must include
- disclaimers. 2 U.S.C. § 441d; see also 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a)(1). While a flyer and lawn

The Society was founded in Florida by Randall Terry. The Society registered for incorporation in Florida in August 2007, but its status was reveked in September 2008. The Florida Department of State Division of Corporations reflects the organization's status as "inactive."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Public communications" include any communication "by means of any broadcast, cable, or satellite communication, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising facility, mass mailing, or telephone bank to the general public, or any other form of general public political advertising." 11 C.F.R. § 100.26.

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sign made by a political committee must include a disclaimer, the complaint is based on 1 2 the allegation that "an acquaintance [] observed the candidate herself distributing the 3 flyer on September 18, 2010," but does not provide the identity of this witness or details about the time and location that the witness observed Ms. Smith distributing the flyers. 4 5 Absent additional information that indicates the Committee produced and distributed the 6 flyers and lawn signs, coupled with the respondents' denials and the complaint's failure to provide some specific information, there is insufficient information indicating that the 7 8 Committee violated the disclaimer provisions of the Act and Commission regulations. 9 Therefore, this Office recommends that the Commission dismiss the allegations as to 10 whether Marjorie ("Missy") Reilly Smith and Missy Smith for Congress, and Diana E. 11 Roccograndi, in her official capacity as treasurer, violated the Act by failing to include 12 the requisite disclaimers on campaign flyers and lawn signs. 13 Additionally, the joint response maintains that the Committee did not initially pay 14 for the creation or posting of the campaign website, and, presumably, was not responsible 15 for including a disclaimer. Indeed, information available on the public record indicates 16 that the Society greated and registered the dismain name for the website on August 24, 17

2010. However, the Committee appears to have eventually used and assumed control of "wurw.missysmith2010.com" as its official website to solicit contributions, announce the candidate's television advertisement schedule, and to recruit volunteers. The available information does not indicate when the Committee officially assumed control of the website or if it posted the disclaimer at that time, but the Committee states that it first

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- paid the webmaster for use of the website on October 26, 2010,<sup>3</sup> and that the webmaster
- 2 believes the disclaimer was posted on or around October 24, 2010.<sup>4</sup> Nevertheless, if the
- 3 Committee began using the website before October 24, 2010, a disclaimer would have
- been necessary at that time. Similarly, if the website's content prior to the Committee's
- 5 assumption of control was substantially similar to the website content at the time of the
- 6 complaint, the Society would have been required to post a disclaimer.

7 In light of the fact that the record in this matter does not conclusively establish

8 when the disclaimers were required to be posted, this Office recommends that the

Commission dismiss the allegations that respondents Marjorie ("Missy") Reilly Smith,

10 Missy Smith for Congress, and Diana E. Roccograndi, in her official capacity as

treasurer, and The Society for Truth and Justice (operated through Randall Terry)

12 violated 2 U.S.C. § 441d(a) and 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a)(1), by failing to include a

13 disclaimer on the Committee's website.

In analyzing the allegations that the candidate and Committee failed to timely register with the Commission, the complaint asserts that Ms. Smith publicly announced her candidacy as early as September 14, 2010, and speculates that because the Committee printed and distributed cammaign signs "no inter than October 16," and ram television advertisements starting October 21, Ms. Smith "had sufficient furning available well in advance of that date to pay for production of the ads and to book the broadcast time."

The Committee's 30-day post election report, however, reflects payment for "Website set up and maintenance" on October 25, 2010.

The complaint winches a printon of the website as of October 25, 2010, but the website times unt reflect a disclaimer as of that date.

The response indicates that it first received contributions via PayPal on October 8, 2010. Thus, it is possible that the Committee might have received those contributions through the PayPal link on www.missysmith2010.com prior to positing a website disclaimer.

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1 The joint response from the Committee and Ms. Smith maintains that the 2 candidate announced her candidacy at a press conference on October 8, 2010. It further 3 states that other than a \$200 contribution the Committee received at an earlier date, it had 4 not received any contributions until the day Ms. Smith announced her candidacy. The 5 Committee maintains that its contributions did not total \$5,000 until October 14, 2010, when it raised \$3,125 in contributions and transferred \$4,811 from contributions it 6 7 received via PayPal. The Committee's disclosure reports corroborate its assertion that Ms. Smith did not trigger candidate status until mid-October 2010. However, based on 8 9 the Committee's post-election report, the candidate raised at least \$5,000 on October 13. 2010, one day earlier than the Committee had acknowledged. Nevertheless, the 10 11 candidate and Committee registered with the Commission well within the time period 12 specified under the Act and Commission regulations. Therefore, this Office recommends 13 that the Commission find no reason to believe that the Committee violated the Act by 14 failing to register in a timely manner with the Commission. 15 In analyzing the allegation that the Committee accepted an excessive contribution 16 from Mr. Richard Retta on October 26, 2010, we note that the Committee's 30-Day Post-17 Election Report reflects two committees from Mr. Rette in the amounts of \$2,400 and 18 \$200. We also recognize that while the Committee's disclosure report reflects a refund 19 of \$200, which is unitemized and does not reflect whether the refund was issued to

Under the Act, an individual becomes a candidate for federal office (and thus triggers registration and reporting obligations) when his or her campaign either receives in excess of \$5,000 in contributions or makes in excess of \$5,000 he expenditures. 2 U.S.C. § 431(2). Achieving "candidate" status triggers registration and reporting requirements for the candidate and for his or her principal campaign committee. Within 15 days of becoming a candidate the individual must file a Statement of Candidacy with the Commission that designates the candidates' principal campaign committee. 2 U.S.C. § 432(e)(1); see also 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a). The principal campaign committee must file a Statement of Organization no later than ten days after it has been designated by the candidate. 2 U.S.C. § 433(a).

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- 1 Mr. Retta. In a supplement to the joint response, the Committee states that Mr. Retta's
- 2 second contribution in the amount of \$200 consisted of funds from his son, who lives in
- 3 Taiwan but wanted to contribute to the Committee. The supplemental response clarifies
- 4 that the Committee issued a \$200 refund to Mr. Retta on November 11, 2010. Due to
- 5 the manner in which the contribution was made, it appears Mr. Retta may have made, and
- 6 the Committee may have received, an excessive contribution in the amount of \$200.8 The
- 7 Committee, however, appears to have refunded the excessive amount in a timely manner.
- 8 Therefore, this Office recommends that the Commission find no reason to believe that the
- 9 Committee violated the Act by failing to refund excessive contributions in a timely
- 10 manner.
- In analyzing the allegation that the Committee received impermissible corporate
- 12 contributions from the Society, we note that the supplemental complaint refers to the fact
- 13 that the complainant could not determine whether and where the Society registered for

There is no information in the record to suggest that Mr. Retta's son is a foreign national who may be prohibited from making campaign contributions under 2 U.S.C. § 441e or that the Mr. Retta failed to provide the Committee with the necessary contributor information concerning his son. Thus, there insufficient information in the record to conclude that Mr. Retta either intended to make or made a \$200 contribution in the name of another, which could have violated the provisions of 2 U.S.C. § 441f.

The Ant provides that no purson cival tracks countributions to a federal candiciate for federal affice or him authorized golitical committee; which (for the 2010 direction cycle) in the aggregate excend \$2,400 each for the primary and general streetions. 2 U.S.C. § 441a(a)(1)(A). The Act further prohibits a candidate or political committee from knowingly accepting contributions in violation of the contribution limits. 2 U.S.C. § 441a(f). Where a committee has received an excessive contribution, it has 60 days to identify and redesignate, reattribute, or refund the excessive amount. 11 C.F.R. § 110.1(b).

The Aux prohibits corposettons and labor organizations from making contributions in assumetion with any federal election. 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a); 11 C.F.R. § 114.2(b). The term, "contribution," includes "any direct or indirect payment, distribution, loss, advance, daposit, gift of money, or any services, as anything of value" made to a candidate, comparign committee, or political party organization. 2 U.S.C. § 441b(b)(2). The Act faither prohibits corpositions and labor organizations from making in-kind contributions in connection with any federal election. 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a), (b); 11 C.F.R. § 114.2(b)(1); see also 11 C.F.R. § 100.52(d)(1).

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1	incorporation, but speculates that it may serve as "a fictitious or trade name assumed by	
2	either Mr. Terry or another group" through which contributions are made.	
3	In its response, the Society clarifies it is not incorporated, but instead operates as	
4	sole-proprietorship. Further, the Society states that the Committee should have recorded	
5	that the in-kind contributions, totaling \$880, were from Randall Terry, the Society's	
6	founder. The Committee's joint response corroborates the assertion that the contribution	
7	should reflect that it was from Mr. Terry, and further noted that it filed an amended 30-	
8	Day Post General Election Report on February 16, 2011, which raflects this information.	
9	Therefore, this Office recommends that the Commission find no reason to believe that the	
10	Committee violated the Act by accepting prohibited in-kind contributions.	
11	RECOMMENDATIONS	
12 13 14	<ol> <li>Dismiss allegations that Missy Smith for Congress and Diana E. Roccograndi in her official capacity as treasurer, violated 2 U.S.C. § 441d(a) and 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a)(1) as to disclaimers on campaign flyers and lawn signs;</li> </ol>	
15 16 17 18 19	<ol> <li>Dismiss allegations that Missy Smith for Congress, Diana E. Roccograndi, in her official capacity as treasurer, and The Society for Truth and Justice (operated through Randall Terry) violated 2 U.S.C. § 441d(a) and 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a)(1) as to a disclaimer on its official website;</li> </ol>	
20 21 22 23	3. Find no reason to behave that Marjorie ("Missy") Reilly Smith violated 2 U.S.C. § 432(e)(1) and 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a);	
24 25	4. Find no reason to believe that Missy Smith for Congress and Diana E. Roccograndi, in her official capacity as treasurer, violated 2 U.S.C. § 433(a);	

5. Find no reason to believe that Missy Smith for Congress and Diana E.

and 11 C.F.R. § 110.1(b);

Roccograndi, in her official capacity as treasurer, violated 2 U.S.C. § 441a(f)

1 2 3	<ol> <li>Find no reason to believe that Missy Smith for Congress and Diana E. Roccograndi, in her official capacity as treasurer, violated 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a) and 11 C.F.R. § 114.2(b);</li> </ol>	
<b>4 5</b>	7. Close the file and send the appropriate letters.	
6 7 8 9	Christopher Hughey Acting General Counsel	
10 11 12	5/31/11 BY:	
13	Date Gregor R. Baker	
14	Special Counsel	
15	Complaint Examination	
16	& Legal Administration	
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